CREATING AN INCLUSIVE CLIMATE: STEPS TOWARD INSTITUTIONAL CHANGE



Abigail J. Stewart • March 31, 2014

Creating an Inclusive Climate is Goal, but

- Context and History Matter
 - University of Michigan

UNC-G?

- 1988: President announced Michigan Mandate: blueprint for change in terms of racial-ethnic diversity
- 1993: President announced Michigan Agenda: focus on diversity in terms of gender
- 2001: Meeting of the MIT-9; goal-setting about women in STEM
- 2003: University brought affirmative action cases to Supreme Court
- 2006: Proposal 2 passed in Michigan and constrained use of affirmative action for hiring (under review at Supreme Court)

NSF ADVANCE *Institutional Transformation* **Program Goals: 2001**

- To improve the institutional climate for tenured and tenuretrack women *faculty* in science and engineering
- To improve recruitment, retention, and promotion of tenured and tenure-track women *faculty* in science and engineering
- To increase visibility and authority of women engineering and science *faculty* in leadership positions





Systemic, Institutional Strategy

- Thirty years of "pipeline" programs did not affect the problem at the faculty level
- Insufficient progress at lower levels in many fields
- Needed an approach that attacked the problem at the faculty level (top-down)
 - That would work faster
 - That would affect all of the problems
- **Strategy**:
 - Focus on the institution [not "fix the women"]
 - Consider all levels (campus, school, department, individual)
 - Change everyday practices
 - Change policies

Stage One: Institutional Change in Key Domains, 2001-2006

- Recruitment
- Retention
 - Nature of faculty interactions ("climate")
 - Evaluations for promotions
- Leadership development



Recruitment — Influencing a Departmental Practice at UM

Strategies and Tactics for Recruiting to Improve Diversity and Excellence (STRIDE)



 Approach (creating "organizational catalysts") may be useful for other processes

- Distinguished senior faculty (credible sources)
- Developed knowledge and advice about search practices (*expertise*)
- Offer annual campus-wide workshops for faculty and administrators (*convenient venue minimizing familiar dynamics*)

Recruitment: Analysis of the Problem

STRIDE offers:

- Conceptual tools
 - Gender, race, and sexuality schemas
 - Evaluation bias
 - Critical mass
 - Accumulation of disadvantage

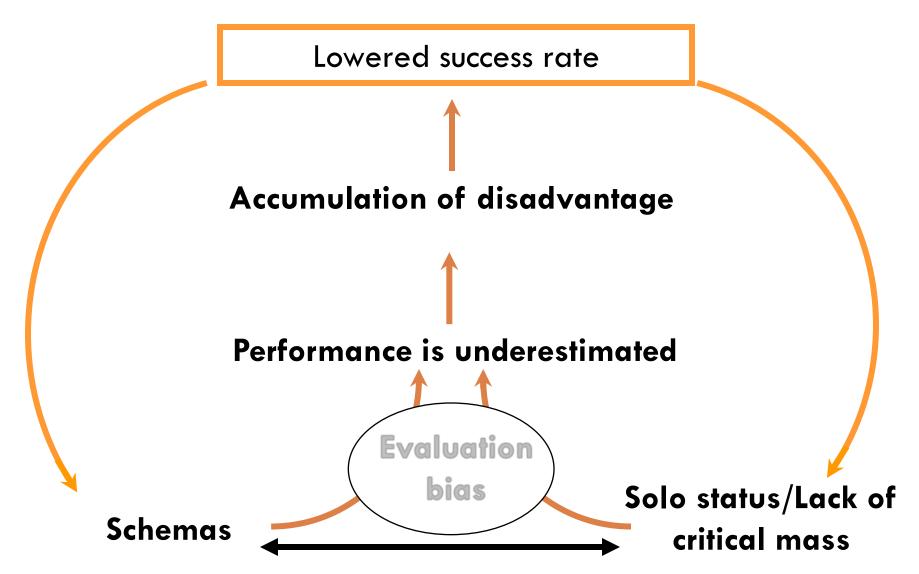
Empirical evidence

- Evaluations of applications
- Evaluation of fellowship and grant proposals
- Impact on salary of different background factors
- Influence of small biases on institutional outcomes
- Leadership and the head of the table
- Procedural solutions





Accounting for Underrepresentation: Self-reinforcing Cycle



Changing the Climate for Faculty Interactions: CRLT Players

Performed theater sketches on multicultural classroom dynamics

Created sketches for us on:

- Faculty meeting (recruitment and faculty dynamics)
- Faculty advising faculty (mentoring)
- Tenure evaluation committee meeting
- Navigating Departmental Politics





Social Science Research Findings Represented in Sketches

- Perceptions of "tokens"
- Role of leadership
 - Power of framing of issues
- Gender dynamics/rank dynamics
 - Interruptions
 - Listening
 - Who has power and influence
- Implications of dynamics for outcomes
- Who can change the dynamics and how



Reinforcement of Mentoring

- Require departmental mentoring plans; can include:
 - One-on-one or small group of senior mentors
 - "Zone" mentors
 - Peer mentoring groups
 - Funding for consultation with external mentors
 - Accountability within department annually
- Develop and distribute handbook to both senior and junior faculty
- Use mentoring sketch with small groups of senior and junior faculty to encourage reflection/adoption of good practices





Critical Use of Tenure Sketch

- Dean hosts two annual dinners with senior faculty participating in reviews
- Outlines importance of fair evaluation and potential role of schemas in complicating evaluation
- After dinner: theater sketch, discussion, faculty role plays, summary of key points
 - Encouragement of "promising practices"
 - Explicit criteria
 - Avoidance of shifting standards
 - Recognition of intrusion of schemas
 - Attention to process

Network to Advance Women Scientists and Engineers

- Support positive collective identity
 - Exposure to new experiences of each other as helpful and interesting
- Encourage alliances between women and men
- Create support structures that will last (peer mentoring)
- Use Network to surface issues
 - Initial meeting to create agenda
 - Annual meeting to voice issues to decisionmakers
 - Regular survey feedback on activities wanted and valued
 - ADVANCE staff visibly available for advice/support/trouble-shooting





Crosby Research Award

- Available to individual faculty members to support a range of activities aimed at improving the environment for career satisfaction and success of a diverse faculty in science and engineering fields
- Support requested for programs and projects aimed at improving the career success of diverse faculty, especially for women and other members of under-represented groups, including:
 - efforts to support the special child or other dependent care associated with work-related travel,
 - long stays at field sites,
 - Iong and late hours at labs, or
 - other essential research activities away from home
- Awarded funds to 128 tenured and tenure-track faculty across 14 rounds







Maintaining Positive Climate with Specific Activities in Each College/School

- Support regular conversations with the Dean of various faculty groups
 - Women scientists
 - Faculty of color
 - International faculty
 - Associate professors
 - Women full professors

Schedule and support annual activities

- Distribute departmental level data with chairs and discuss them
- Faculty development programs for new faculty within college
- Tenure season dinners/CRLT Players—focus on tenure evaluation process
- New programs at key faculty transitions

Leadership Development

- Engage leadership in development of programs
- Share all programs with leadership groups (deans, chairs)
 - They identify ways to integrate them into routine processes (searching, evaluation of faculty, etc.)





Review of Institutional Policies — "Consciousness-Raising" in an Institution

- Committee on Gender in Science and Engineering convened by President and Provost
- Subcommittees chaired by 3 deans made recommendations in 2004 on:
 - Faculty Tracks and Work/Family Integration
 - Recruitment, Retention, and Leadership
 - Evaluation and Promotion of Faculty
- View policies from perspective of women scientists; final recommendations implemented in 2012



President Mary Sue Coleman (above) and Provost Martha Pollack (below), Co-chairs of the GSE Committee



Implement Significant Policy Changes

Annual monitoring of data by leaders

- University level (committee chaired by President)
- Steering committee (deans take to chairs)

Recruitment-related policies

- Attendance mandatory at STRIDE Faculty Recruitment Workshops for search committee
- Comparison of faculty search candidate pools and national pools (degrees conferred) by gender and race/ethnicity; shortlist review
- Candidate evaluation tool to maximize specific criteria

Increased family-friendly policies

- Generous "family leave" (for the US) for both men and women faculty (modified duties and stop tenure clock)
- Dual career program with budget

More flexible tenure clock

- Importance of explicit framing of "compensation for time lost" vs. "extra time"
- Time off the clock for family and professional reasons

Stage II: Establishment of UM ADVANCE, January 2007

- Internal funding
- Report to Provost's office
- Maintain focus on science and engineering, but expand to all fields
- Maintain focus on women, but add other underrepresented groups
- Develop new programs





Systematic Climate Studies within Units

- Targeted assessments in particular schools or departments
 - Part of periodic review process for departments
 - Assess all constituencies (faculty, staff, students)
 - Provide comparative data as available
 - Follow up planning about how to address findings

Strategies Toward Excellent Practices (STEP) in Departments of Schools and Colleges

- Support for teams of faculty to make positive changes in the work environment within their academic units
- Information about:
 - Organizational change principles
 - Being strategic about change
 - Assessing incentives and challenges
- Format of the workshop
 - Brief didactic presentations
 - Observation of relevant interactions through theater sketches
 - Hands-on project work applying concepts and developing detailed plan for year

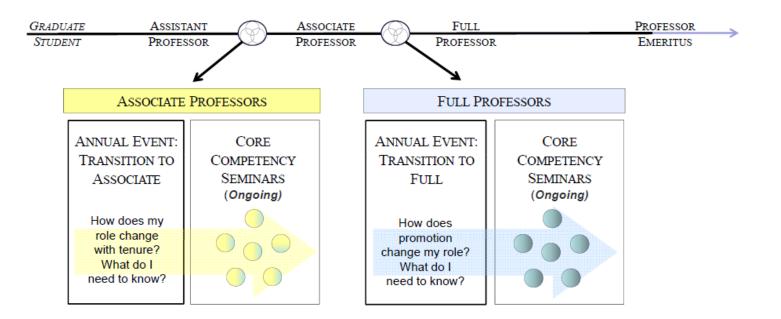


Stage III: Review and Recommitment to UM ADVANCE, July 2011

- Main new focus:
 - Enhance department-level change efforts
 - Maintain momentum (new leadership development)
- New programs:
 - LIFT for leadership development
 - Launch Committees

Leadership and Integration in Faculty Transitions (LIFT)

- Two one-day programs plus "core seminars" on particular topics:
 - Transition to associate professor
 - Transition to full professor
- Addresses integration of leadership skills—including supporting diversity--into faculty roles at developmental stages



Launch Committees

Launch committees provide support and guidance to new junior faculty from the time of hire until the end of the first year at Michigan.

Committees focus on:

Lab space, equipment and computing resources; funding; lab personnel, including students; integration into the university; teaching; service; and mentoring plan for the probationary (pre-tenure-review) period

Each committee consists of the following members:

- Senior faculty member in the department with research interests fairly closely aligned with the new junior faculty member
- Department chair
- Senior faculty member from outside the department, in a field related to the new junior faculty member's interests
- ADVANCE faculty member
- New junior faculty member

The Climate for Scientists and Engineers at the University of Michigan: Gender and Race in 2001, 2006, and 2012

- □ Baseline in 2001, repeated in 2006, then in 2012
- Assessed differences by gender and race-ethnicity
- Factors considered:
 - Institutional Climate
 - Discrimination
 - Disparaging remarks
 - Sexual harassment
 - Departmental Climate
 - General Climate
 - Climate for Diversity
 - Career Satisfaction
 - Work satisfaction
 - Overall career satisfaction
 - Desire to leave UM

Good News

- Examined four groups
 - White men (n=356)
 - Men of color: URM & Asian/Asian American (n=84)
 - White women (n=134)
 - Women of color: URM & Asian/Asian American (n=36)
- In 2006 very few changes from 2001
- In 2012 many changes (compared with both 2001 and 2006) in all four groups— all changes in favorable direction

Good News and Remaining Challenges

Positive changes for all groups in

- Institutional climate (unwanted sexual attention and overhearing disparaging remarks about women and racial-ethnic and religious minorities)
- Departmental climate
 - General Climate (positive)
 - Climate for diversity
- Faculty satisfaction and intention to stay
- No change in relative pattern of scores for all groups
 - Climate is more positive for men and white faculty than for women and under-represented minorities

Departmental Change Study: Overview

- Aim: to identify features of departments that did and did not change during this period
- Interviewed 59 faculty from 20 STEM departments
- The departments, which did not differ demographically at the outset, were classified into three groups:
 - substantial change in the proportion of women faculty,
 - moderate or some change, and
 - little or no change

Departmental Change Study: Themes by Group

- Interviews with faculty in the <u>substantial change</u> group revealed four themes:
 - open recognition of serious problems coupled with shame about past circumstances,
 - strong leadership on diversity by the department chair,
 - favorable features of the departmental context, and
 - a high level of proactivity in pursuing diversity.
- In contrast, interviews with faculty in the <u>little or no change</u> group revealed three themes:
 - external factors preclude change,
 - unfavorable features of the departmental context, and
 - viewing other priorities as more important than diversity.
- The <u>moderate change</u> group was characterized by reference to some themes in each of these groups.

Learning about Change from Research

- Learned about the critical importance of
 - facing the past and current problems openly
 - leadership
 - optimism about the possibility of change
 - commitment and effort over time

Lessons Learned from Practice

Change is slow; effort must be maintained over long period

- Organizational climate is a product of many different interactions and processes
 - Need different interventions to affect different processes
- Leadership must occur at all levels:
 - Top institutional/ADVANCE
 - Departmental level
 - Individual faculty





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Institutional Change is possible!

- Increase in annual hiring of women scientists and engineers:
 From 13% (2001-2) of new hires to 31% (2003-2013)
- Increase in women scientists in school/department leadership roles:
 - **From 1 in 2001 to 16 now**
- Improved climate for women and minorities by 2012
- Establishment of improved practices of recruitment, evaluation, mentoring, faculty development, chair training, skill building for departmental change
- Establishment of more family friendly policies including flexible tenure
- Routine monitoring of data on annual basis
- Improvements reinforce more change; improve situation for all